

Background recap on previous minor crops workshops & brief update on the ongoing process

Lindi Benic'
Manager: Trade/Market Access Affairs
HORTGRO

HORTGRO
Growing Fruit IQ



Lack of registrations on SA Minor crops

Key issues, related impacts...





DECIDUOUS FRUIT PRODUCERS' TRUST
SAGTEVRUGTE PRODUSENTE TRUST

TEL: +27 21 870 2900 • FAX: +27 21 870 2915 • EMAIL: info@dfpt.co.za • WEBSITE: www.dfpt.co.za
258 MAIN STREET, PO BOX 163, PAARL, 7622 • HOOFSTRAAT 258, POSBUS 163, PAARL, 7622
REG NO: IT 3856/97

In the context of EUREPGAP, I support comments put forward in the above letter. As the elected Supplier member representative, representing SHAFPE (Southern Hemisphere countries) on the EUREPGAP Technical Steering Committee (TSC) from 2002-2006; re-elected to the EUREPGAP Sector Committee (SC), 2007 - 2010, I confirm I have been involved in two EUREPGAP Standard revisions. The critical dilemma facing suppliers globally, including suppliers in the EU, to address minor use problems and to develop mechanisms for related off-label use forms a major priority.

Kind regards

DECIDUOUS FRUIT PRODUCERS' TRUST

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'LMB'.

Lindi Benic

MANAGER TRADE/ MARKET ACCESS AFFAIRS

25th April 2007

To Whom It May Concern

Proposal for review of critical aspects of Act 36/ 47 related to Minor use and EUREPGAP

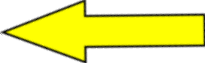
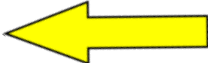
Regarding this matter and the attached supporting letter drafted by K Hartman, detailing the problem, this letter serves to emphasize and endorse the critical urgency and extent of the problem.



As defined in the above letter, the existing situation is presently impacting directly and very negatively on the Persimmon Industry's ability to comply with South African Act 36 legislation, related aspects within official export food safety requirements under DOA and the ability to trade/ export their product re: imposed export trade-related restrictions/ implications re: EUREPGAP requirements, related to compliance to National Legislation.

To highlight the full extent of the problem, beyond the persimmon scenario, during a meeting held between DOA and the MRL Information Desk Consortium (K Hartman, L van Broembsen, S le Grange and myself), March 2007, thirty eight crops were identified between both parties as "essential" export crops to be incorporated into the developing MRL Information Desk Database regarding existing exports. All 38 crops identified, ie. 100% of the crops fall into the minor use category (refer attached Appendix 1 for further details re: specific crops). As a result, only a few or no actives are currently registered on these crops for use in South Africa, with major concerns regarding inadequate or non-existent pest control options and related export trade implications for all these crops, as confirmed above.

EUREPGAP®

Meeting	SA National Technical Working Group	
Place	Premier Conference Center, OR Tambo International Airport, Johannesburg	
Date of Meeting	21 May 2007	
Date of Doc. Release	30 May 2007	

3. Use of non-registered Plant Protection Products (PPP)

This topic attracted by far the most attention and needs urgent action. Persimmon is only one crop that poses difficulty for producers to get EUREPGAP certification for the crop. The unwillingness of many PPP manufacturers to register PPPs for so-called “minor crops” and the inability of the registrar’s office to get registrations through in reasonable time and/or allow off-label use create huge problems for, not only the exporting producers, but also the local retailers who would like to source “legal” products.

The EUREPGAP CPCC 8.2.2 in V2.1 creates a huge problem (a producer can only get EUREPGAP certification for his crops if PPPs registered in the country of production on that specific crops are used).

Several proposals were given:

Proposal 1: Delete 8.2.2 – **Not possible**

Proposal 2: Leave 8.2.2 as Major, with wording such as: use PPPs responsibly – when registered, follow label; when not registered in COP on crop, use according to the following.... And have residue testing as a Major Must – **not possible**

Proposal 3: Make 8.2.2 a Recommendation and the request for residue testing a Major Must with $MRL \leq 0.01 \text{ ppm}$ – **not possible**

Proposal 4: Run trials in cooperation with the relevant PPP manufacturers. The PPP manufacturer must apply for registration of PPPs that are already registered elsewhere with the registrar. In this way the toxicology studies and residue testing methods are known. Producers take part in this controlled trial where residue testing is done by themselves, retailers, others and when the MRLs are $\leq 0.01 \text{ ppm}$, the product can be classified as “food” and may be certified under these conditions. The trials will be run according to the requirements of the registrar. – **To be discussed at SC level**

TASK KH: The final discussion was that Kobus Hartman would send a proposal to this approach to EUREPGAP Secretariat before 1 June as this needs to be presented to the SC on 11 June at their

GLOBALGAP Secretariat
c/o FoodPLUS GmbH
Spichernstrasse 55
50672 Cologne, Germany
Tel: +49 (0) 221 5 79 93-25
Fax: +49 (0) 221 5 79 93-89
info@globalgap.org
www.globalgap.org

To whom it may concern

Cologne, 4 June 2008

GLOBALGAP certification of Persimmons in South Africa

Dear GLOBALGAP Retailer / Food Service Member,

We want to bring the following situation under your attention.

GLOBALGAP Control Point CB.8.1.2 states that producers can only use crop protection products that are registered in the country of production of the target crop where such official registration schemes exist.

South Africa does have an official registration scheme, but there are currently no Plant Protection Products (PPP) registered for use on persimmons as these are viewed as a minor crop.

Due to this lack of registration of Plant Protection Products (PPP) for use on persimmons (SharonTM fruit) in South Africa, only a very limited number of GLOBALGAP certificates have been issued. Certificates were only issued when the producer provided evidence to the relevant certification body during the inspection that no PPPs were applied. In cases where certification is not possible because the producer used PPPs to control pests, a letter of non-conformity was issued stating that the producer has been inspected against GLOBALGAP and he/she met the criteria of the standard, except for compliance with this one major must control point (CB.8.1.2).

We have information that the South African industry is getting involved to change the situation for following seasons.

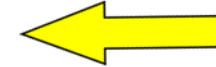
Kind regards,



Dr. Kristian Moeller
GLOBALGAP Secretary
Managing Director
c/o FoodPLUS GmbH



**Minutes Meeting GlobalGAP Crop Protection Working Group
Brussels - Fedis Building - 30 January 2009**



4. Un-provided use

Introduction by Jean Francois Proust , Lindi Benic and Beatrice Verdict.

Starting from panel discussion Cologne and positive support from Kristian Moeller.

There are some new opportunities to launch a positive discussion :

- rewording : un-provided use document
- debate is going public : so has to be part of the communication strategy
- new EU regulatory legislation will be in place soon. Including : principle of funding research for minor crops, possibility on derogations, etc. .
- National authorities are more then aware and willing to cooperate in finding solutions.
- More expertise from growers and PMO's available.
- Also CB's, PPP industry and other stakeholders are willing to contribute in debate and search for solutions.
- Evolution in legal proceedings available (legal advice in progress).
- In SA (South Africa) task group, under NTWG, is formed and operational (including Elme Coetzer on behalf of GlobalGAP)
- Lindi Benic provided CPWG with updated SA input regarding Minor/Un-provided use and a revised proposed Minor Use protocol drafted within the SA NTWG.
SA Document : proposal Minor Use protocol attached to the minutes (*attach 2*)

General conclusion : timing is right to re-start action on this topic.

Unprovided use: a legal framework to cope with the situation

Unprovided use represents a widespread problem/ challenge for many fruit and vegetable crops worldwide. It poses several obstacles for stakeholders across the chain such as a distortion of competition among growers, trade being hindered, retailers facing difficulties to secure their supply, credibility and efficiency of legislation, integrity of scheme certifying Good Agriculture Practice (GAP) being also at stake. Failing to adopt a swift and workable solution, it could impair the implementation of much desired IPM practice or limit the development of organic crop protection and even “best practice”.

Crops without protection (unprovided use/minor use/speciality crop) are today recognized internationally as a priority topic which should require a solution. Off label procedure or similar could be part of this process. Emphasis on such a scheme is already recognized at the highest level: FAO summit, IR4 scheme in the USA, EU Regulation 1107/2009 (Article 51),..

On this basis and to move forward, the GLOBALG.A.P Crop Protection Working Group (CPWG) – with the support and commitment of its suppliers - have elaborated an international proposal for a provisional, practical, responsible and transparent procedure, allowing a use upon the liability of the person using the plant protection product with respect to failures concerning the efficacy or to phytotoxicity of the product for which the use is granted when:

An application for the use on this crop and for this particular pest/disease is pending

- and the use is authorized in another country for the same crop and same pest/disease or the use is authorized in the same country for a similar crop or/and similar pest/disease
- and there is not active restriction by local government
- and the MRL or import tolerance of the country of destination (COD) is met
- and the customer is aware of the situation

The above guidelines should serve as a basis for the implementation of an ad hoc off label procedure worldwide by public authorities in close coordination with stakeholders of the supply chain and GAP scheme holders and their certifiers .



EU CO-FUNDED

SA -Pesticide-Initiative-Program

Quality and Conformity for Fruit and Vegetables



PPECB

Perishable Products Export Control Board
Raad van Toesig op die Uitvoer van Bederbare Produkte

MRL Info Desk



Minor Use Registration



agriculture

Department:
Agriculture
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

REGISTRAR: ACT NO. 36 OF 1947/REGISTRATEUR: WET NO. 36 VAN 1947

Agriculture Building/Landbou, 20 Beatrix Street/Groot, PRETORIA
Private Bag 7/Aankom 0045, PRETORIA, 0001

Visit our web site at www.das.gov.za/act36/act36.html

Inquiries/Source: M. J. Mubanga - Ref:Vero: Minor use
Tel: (012) 318-7303 • Fax: (012) 319-2176 • e-mail: MaluM@pro.agn.za

Date: 04 May 2009

PROCEDURES FOR THE REGISTRATION OF MINOR USE REMEDIES.

1. Background

Minor use of agricultural remedies are defined as those desired uses of registered agricultural remedies for which the anticipated increase in the volume of sales is not sufficient to persuade the manufacturer or registration holder to carry out the research required for registration. This definition emphasizes that it is the projected increase in annual sales of the remedies that are minor, not necessarily the crop or pest.

If residues are likely to be present at harvesting, local residue data have to be submitted. Residue data to be conducted locally according to the residue trial data requirement guidelines.

Minor crop registration will only be considered when:

- The toxicological evaluation of the active ingredient has already been approved in South Africa.
- The registered formulation has proven its efficacy for similar disease/pest on other crops at the local level.

2. Documentations required.

The following are required when for minor use:

- Application from fully completed in triplicate
- The prescribed application fee

- A proposed label in triplicate.
- Motivation as to why a particular claim should be considered for 'Minor use'. This should include the history of the crop and how previous registrations if any were considered.
- Motivation as to why efficacy data can be extrapolated from other data. Reports from experts in the particular field (Preferably more than one) should also be included; including any scientific reports if available.
- Letters of support from grower associations.
- If residues are applicable – that they have been conducted and conducted according to Act No. 36 of 1947's residue guidelines.

NB. Please ensure that all other documents/data/etc necessary for a complete registration dossier are submitted with the application form.

Once the application has been received, the merits of will be evaluated by the Registrar's office.

The Registrar's office will not research information supporting an applications request; it is the responsibility of the registration holder to collate supporting data for consideration by the Registrar's office.

3. Who should apply?

The Registrar's office received applications from all persons, including growers, industry associations, government officers, spray contractors, chemical resellers and manufacturers. The Registrar's office does not have preference for who applies; however, the Registrar's office is required to only issue a registration for 'Minor Use' to a person deemed 'suitable'.

Importantly the application must be a

- Supply any necessary or required
 - Accurately represent the required
- will undertake the proposed use

The Registrar's office encouraged
Therefore, should the proposed use
applicant should preferably be a person

reduces duplication of assessment and submission by eliminating the need to consider many applications for the same use.

If an applicant is in doubt about or not a proposed use is 'Minor Use' or unclear about requirements, assessment procedures and time frames it is recommended that the use is first discussed with the Registrar's office prior to submission.

Registrar: Act 36 of 1947

Effective date: 04/05/2009

Minor Use Registration



agriculture,
forestry & fisheries

Department:
Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Registration Guidelines for Minor uses (Minor crops) in South Africa

2010

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	Introduction	3
2.0	General minor use definition	3
3.0	List of minor crops	4
4.0	Requirements for registration	4
4.1	Toxicological data	6
4.2	Efficacy/phytotoxicity trials	6
4.3	Residue trials	7
4.4	Registration incentives	7
5.0	Data extrapolation	7
6.0	Extrapolation table	7



Minor Use Registrations



Key Objectives:

- Prioritize/identify key chemicals per crop for registration based on key target pests/diseases (**NB. - consider key export market MRLs**) (advisable to consolidate industry requirements as far as possible)
- Consult with expert/s to develop registration trial protocols
- Identify competent trial applicators to execute registration trials (application, fruit sampling/residue analysis, trial data consolidation etc.)
- Consult with relevant Registration holders re: Minor use registration trial dossier submission
- Submission of Minor use registration Motivation letter by Grower associations together with Minor use dossier submission
- Monitor progress of Minor use registrations with ACT 36 (SA PIP 1 & 2 related registration trials - specifically cherry, berry)



Proj No	Co-Sponsor	Active Ingredient	Crop	Trial type	Registration Status + Target date for submitting	Trade name	Chemical company	Representative at Chemical company	Status APRIL / SEPTEMBER 2010
		Blueberry & Raspberry							
Z785	Eurafruit	Dormex -HCN	Blueberry	LR - Bud Break	Submitted - Johan Marais of Philagro indicated that was submitted for registration approx 2 weeks ago	Dormex	Philagro	Henk Van der Westhuizen / Johan Marais	Registered - [Submitted March 2009]
Z786	Eurafruit	Dormex -HCN	Raspberry	LR - Bud Break	Submitted - Johan Marais of Philagro indicated that was submitted for registration approx 2 weeks ago	Dormex	Philagro	Henk Van der Westhuizen / Johan Marais	Registered - [Submitted March 2009]
Z1035	Eurafruit	Indoxacarb	Raspberry	LR - Snoutbeetle	All data with Du Pont. Will be submitted as an upgrade of Steward together with a number of other crops - apricots, plums and grapes. All data for these crops not available. Cannot commit to a date - is in process	Steward	Du Pont	Albert de Klerk	Du Pont to submit <i>Highlighted as a priority for fast tracking</i>
	Eurafruit	Bauvaria bassiana	Raspberry	LR - Snoutbeetle	Will require additional work - Eurafruit to liaise with manufacturer on way forward - will fail outside SA PIP	Arrow	Dagutal/Agro Organics		Require extra work. Not going forward
Z1036	Eurafruit	Indoxacarb	Blueberry	LR - Snoutbeetle	All data with Du Pont. Will be submitted as an upgrade of Steward together with a number of other crops - apricots, plums and grapes. All data for these crops not available. Cannot commit to a date - is in process	Steward	Du Pont	Albert de Klerk	Du Pont ready to submit for registration (confirmed by H Garbers, SABS), <i>Highlighted as a priority for fast tracking.</i>
	Eurafruit	Thiamethoxam	Blueberry	LR - Snoutbeetle	Syngenta will continue with registration - requested additional residues - submitted 14 Jan 2009. Once done - registration dossier can be prepared for submission	Actara	Syngenta	Johan Lubbe/ Desiree van Heerden	Submitted November 2009 Confirmed by Registrar, September 2010 meeting, likely to obtain registration by end early-mid 2011 <i>Highlighted as a priority for fast tracking.</i>
	Eurafruit	Bauvaria bassiana	Blueberry	LR - Snoutbeetle	Will require additional work - Eurafruit to liaise with manufacturer on way forward	Arrow	Dagutal/Agro Organics		Require extra work. Not going forward
		Indoxacarb	Raspberry	LR - Bollworm	All data with Du Pont. Will be submitted as an upgrade of Steward together with a number of other crops - apricots, plums and grapes. All data for these crops not available. Cannot commit to a date - is in process	Steward	Du Pont	Albert de Klerk	Du Pont ready to submit for registration (confirmed by H Garbers, SABS), <i>Highlighted as a priority for fast tracking.</i>
		Bauvaria bassiana	Raspberry	LR - Bollworm	Will require additional work - Eurafruit to liaise with manufacturer on way forward - will fail outside SA PIP	Arrow/ Bio Insect	Dagutal/Agro Organics		Require extra work. Not going forward

Proj No	Co-Sponsor	Active Ingredient	Crop	Trial type	Registration Status + Target date for submitting	Trade name	Chemical company	Representative at Chemical company	Status APRIL/ SEPTEMBER 2010
Z1054		<i>Bacillus thuringensis</i>	Raspberry	LR - Bollworm	Will require additional work - Eurafruit to liaise with manufacturer on way forward - will fall outside SA PIP	DIPEL	Philagro	Henk Van der Westhuizen / Johan Marais	Not submitted. Dossier incomplete. According to PLombard - label extension. - Efficacy not important. <i>Confirmed telephonically with P Lombard, Philagro on 29th September 2010 label extension application could be completed within 2-3 weeks. Highlighted as a priority for fast tracking.</i>
Z1053		Indoxacarb	Blueberry	LR - Bollworm	All data with Du Pont. Will be submitted as an upgrade of Steward together with a number of other crops - apricots, plums and grapes. All data for these crops not available. Cannot commit to a date - is in process	Steward	Du Pont	Albert de Klerk	Du Pont ready to submit for registration <i>Highlighted as a priority for fast tracking.</i>
		<i>Bauvaria bassiana</i>	Blueberry	LR - Bollworm	Will require additional work - Eurafruit to liaise with manufacturer on way forward - will fall outside SA PIP	Arrow/Bio Insect	Dagutal/Agro Organics		Require extra work. Not going forward
		<i>Bacillus thuringensis</i>	Blueberry	LR - Bollworm	Will require additional work - Eurafruit to liaise with manufacturer on way forward - will fall outside SA PIP	DIPEL	Philagro	Henk Van der Westhuizen / Johan Marais	Not submitted. Dossier incomplete.. According to P Lombard - a label extension. - efficacy not important. <i>Confirmed telephonically with P Lombard, Philagro on 29th September 2010 label extension application could be completed within 2-3 weeks. Highlighted as a priority for fast tracking.</i>
Z1034	Eurafruit	Fenhexamid	Raspberry	LR - Botytis	Submitted - 12 June 2008 - no change - on average 12 -18 months before registered	Teldor	Bayer	Emie Robertse	Registered
		Pyrimethanil	Raspberry	LR - Botytis	Submitted - 12 June 2008 - no change - on average 12 -18 months before registered	Scala	Bayer	Emie Robertse	Registered
			Blueberry	LR - Botytis	Submitted - 12 June 2008 - no change - on average 12 -18 months before registered	Teldor	Bayer	Emie Robertse	Registered
Z1031	Eurafruit	Fenhexamid	Blueberry	LR - Botytis	Submitted - 12 June 2008 - no change - on average 12 -18 months before registered	Scala	Bayer	Emie Robertse	Registered
		Pyrimethanil	Blueberry	LR - Botytis	Submitted - 12 June 2008 - no change - on average 12 -18 months before registered	Scala	Bayer	Emie Robertse	Registered
B313	Eurafruit	Spinosad	Blueberry	LR	Submitted - March/April 2008 - no change - on average 12 -18 months before registered	Tracer	Dow Agro Science	Koos Snyman	Registered
B314	Eurafruit	Spinosad	Raspberry	LR	Submitted - March/April 2008 - no change - on average 12 -18 months before registered	Tracer	Dow Agro Science	Koos Snyman	Registered

BLUEBERRIES

CHEMICAL BREAKDOWN EVALUATION AND EFFICACY TRIALS FOR THE CONTROL OF RUSTS

2011/ 2012 season

Version 1.1 (03-02-2011)

SA PIP 2 REGULATION COMPONENT Blueberry Leaf rust Trial - 2011-12 Project: MR020 (1st year ONLY)

GENERAL

Trial layout

A randomised block design

The trial sites are to consist of representative of the normal

Application

Do a high-volume handgun

Maintenance

Ensure that the chemicals u

Fruit sampling (Residue e

1. Collect the fruit on the d application of the select one week, up to 35 days
2. Harvest fruit from the sit the Propiconazole and T
3. Collect a minimum of 25 indicated procedure.

Sampling procedure

1. Collect two (2) repres
2. Place the sampled fruit
3. Mark the samples with be lost during freezing and handling of the samples.
4. Ensure that the following items are recorded on the sample bag: Trial number, Chemical product, Product rate, Fruit type, Variety, Date of collection and T+n number.
5. Both samples are to be kept frozen. On completion of the trial one sample is sent to the SABS, as arranged with Mr H Gerbers.

APPLICATION SCHEDULE FOR BLUEBERRY RUST TRIALS (V 1.1 03-02-2011)

Phenology and spray stages for the control of leaf rust in Blueberries

	Fowering					Flush 1 2011	Aug			Flush 2 Sep 2011			Mid-	Flush 3 Dec 2011	Pruning	Flush 4 Feb 2012	Flush 5 Mid-Mar 2012					
Fruit development			Fruit-set	Fruit growth							Harvest mid-Oct to mid-Dec			Postharvest								
Days after start of flowering stage	0	7	+14 d	+21 d	+28 d	1 w	1 w +2	1 w +3	1 w +4	1 w	1 w	1 w	1 w	1 m	1 m	1 m	Last week Feb	Second week March	2 w	1 w	Second week April	Last week April
Stage of flower development	Start flower	30% flower	60% flower	90% flower	FB																	
Treatment 1						Propiconazole			Cover	Propiconazole			Cover	Harvest mid-Oct to mid-Dec			Chlorothalonil		Chlorothalonil	Cover	Mancozeb	Mancozeb
Treatment 2						Tebuconazole			Cover	Tebuconazole			Cover	Harvest mid-Oct to mid-Dec			Chlorothalonil		Chlorothalonil	Cover	Mancozeb	Mancozeb
Treatment 3						Tebuconazole			Cover	Propiconazole			Cover	Harvest mid-Oct to mid-Dec			Chlorothalonil		Chlorothalonil	Cover	Mancozeb	Mancozeb
Treatment 4 (Untreated Control)						Water				Water				Harvest mid-Oct to mid-Dec			Water		Water		Water	Water

Minor Crop Matrix - Critical needs for Minor Crop Registrations

Process initiated - ACT 36 /Ag-Chem companies - Nov. 2011 circulated by L Benic to relevant industry stakeholders for inputs - December 2011

MINOR CROPS GROWERS NEEDS ASSESSMENT Critical needs for Minor Crop registrations

CROP	Fungicides (Ai)	Herbicides (Ai)	Insecticides (Ai)	PGRs	Production area (ha) SA	Comments
Artichokes						
Asparagus						
Apricots						
Aubergines						
Beetroot						
Blackberry						
Broccoli						
Brussels sprout						
Blueberry						
Butternuts						
Canola						
Carrots						
Capsicum						
Cauliflower						
Celery						
Chicory						
Chilies						
Cherries						
Chinese cabbage						
Chive						
Clover						
Courgetts						
Fennel						
Figs						
French endives						
Fresh dates						
Garlic						
Ginger						
Green beans						

Source	Crop	Active	Application	Pest/disease	Comments
Industry	Avocado	Acephate	Aerial	Fruit sucking bugs	
Industry	Avocado	Beauveria Bassiana		Fruit sucking bugs	
Industry	Avocado	Beta-Cyfluthrin	Aerial	Fruit sucking bugs	
Industry	Avocado	Cadusafos		Nematodes	
CB	Avocado				Actives not specified
Agchem	Beans	Emamectin benzoate		Lepidopera	
Retailer	Beetroot	Abamectin		Leaf miner	
Retailer	Beetroot	Azoxystrobin		Cercospora, Leaf spot	

**GLOBALGAP
SA NTWG
Inputs**

Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
Retailer	Beetroot
CB	Blueberries
Retailer	Brassica
Retailer	Brassica
Retailer	Brassica

Source	Crop	Active	Application	Pest/disease	Comments
Industry	Macadamias	Beta-cyfluthrin	Aerial	Fruit sucking bugs	
Industry	Macadamias	Boscalid + Pyraclostrobin		Rat Tail Flower Disease (Cladosporium)	
Industry	Macadamias	Carbendazim		Rat Tail Flower Disease (Cladosporium)	
Industry	Macadamias	Carbendazim + Flusilazole		Rat Tail Flower Disease (Cladosporium)	
Industry	Macadamias	Chlorphenapyr		Thrips	
Industry	Macadamias	Copper Oxychloride		Rat Tail Flower Disease (Cladosporium)	
Industry	Macadamias	Ethephon		Chemical Harvesting	
Industry	Macadamias	Fipronil		Thrips	
Industry	Macadamias	Gamma-Cyhalothrin	Aerial	Fruit sucking bugs	
Industry	Macadamias	Imidacloprid		Fruit sucking bugs	
Industry	Macadamias	Lambda-Cyhalothrin	Aerial	Fruit sucking bugs	
Industry	Macadamias	Permethrin/(E)-8-,(E)-7-,(Z)8-Dodecenyl Acetate		False Codling moth	
Industry	Macadamias	Potassium Phosphate		Phytophthora Stem Canker	
Industry	Macadamias	Pyraclostrobin		Rat Tail Flower Disease (Cladosporium)	
Industry	Macadamias	Sulphur		Thrips	
Industry	Macadamias	Tau-Fluvalinate	Aerial	Fruit sucking bugs	
Industry	Macadamias	Thiamethoxam		Fruit sucking bugs	
Agchem	Maize	Many products	Pivot	Bollworm	
Agchem	Mango	Methomyl		Thrips	
Industry	Mango	Methamidiphos		Fruittly	
CB	Mushrooms				Actives not specified
Agchem	Onions	Oxamyl		Thrips	
CB	Onions				Actives not specified
Agchem	Papaya	Azoxystrobin			
Agchem	Papaya	Chlorothalonil			
Agchem	Papaya	Difenoconazole			

MINOR CROPS GROWERS NEEDS ASSESSMENT

CROP	ACTIVE INGREDIENT	PRODUCT	Company	Target Organism	Production area (ha) SA
Cherry					1000 Ha
Fungicides (Ai)	Iprodione	Prodione	Plaaschem	Botrytis	
	Captan	Captab	Makhteshim-Agan SA (Pty) Ltd	Various fungal diseases	
	Myclobutanol + Mancozeb	Rally (busy with residue trials)	Dow AgroSciences	Alternaria	
	CHLOROTHALONIL	Bravo	Syngenta	Various fungal diseases	
	Mancozeb	Dithane (busy with residue trials)	Dow AgroSciences	Alternaria, Botrytis, Anthracnose, Rust, scab	
Insecticides (Ai)	Abamectin	Sanamectin, Epicure	Dow AgroSciences, Plaaskem UAP	Red Spider mite, Thrips	
	Beauveria bassiana	Bio-Insect, Eco-Bb	Agro Organics, Plant Health Products	Broad spectrum insect control	
	Chlorpyrifos	Dursban, Lirifos	Dow Agro Science, Plaaskem UAP	Scales, Mealy bug	
	Mineral oil	Cipron, EOS	BP SA, Makhteshim-Agan	Scales	
	Spinosad	Tracer	Dow AgroSciences	Thrips, Bolworm	
	Spinosad	GF120	Efeko	Fruit Fly	
Herbicides (Ai)	Paraquat dichloride	Gramoxone	Syngenta	weeds, grass	
	Glyphosate	Round Up	Monsanto	weeds	

Minor Crop Matrix - Critical needs for Minor Crop Registrations

Berry industry inputs provided to ACT 36, TN - 2 February 2012

Proposed Pesticide List

Trade name	Active ingredient	Proposed use	HI (days)	EU MRL mg/kg	Blueberries	Raspberries	Blackberries	Suggested actives for each target (Proposed use) on all 3 crops
Dipel	Bacillus Thuringiensis	American Bollworm	0	0				
Steward	Indoxacarb	Weevil and Bollworm	60	1				
Tracer	Spinosad	Thrips and Bollworm	21	0.3				
Calypso	Thiacloprid	Insecticide	3	1				
Aphox Primor	Pirimicarb	Aphids	3	1				
Arrow, Bio Insect, BP Plus	Besuveria Bassiana	Fruit Weevil	0	0				
Actara	Thiamethoxam	Fruit Weevil	70	0.05				
Xterminator	Pyrethrins	Whitefly, Thrips, Red Spider mite	3	1				
Scala	Pyrimethanil	Botrytis	14	3				
Teldor	Fenhexamid	Botrytis	7	3				
Folicur, Orius	Tebuconazole	Fungicide	30	2				
Tilt, Bumper	Propiconazole	Fungicide	30	0.05				
Phytex	Potassium phosphonate	Phytophthora	3	0.01				
Switch	Cyprodinil & Fluoxonil	Fungicide	28	3 & 3				
Bellis	Boscalid	Fungicide	45	10				
Bio Tricho, Eco-77, Tricho Plus	Tricoderma harzianum	Botrytis, Soil diseases	0	0				
Thiovet, Cumulus	Sulfur	Mildew	0	N/A				
Dimidex/ Copper Oxychloride	Copper Oxychloride	Fungicide / Foliar feed	14	3				
Dormex	Cyanamide	Rest break agent	70	0.05				
Basta	Glufosinate-ammonium	Non-selective, non-residual contact Herb	0	0.5				
Gramaxone	Paraquat	Herbicide	7	0.02				
Fusilade	Flusulfop-P-butyl	Herbicide	1	0.2				
Roundup	Glyphosate	Herbicide	3	0.1				
Dithane DF	Mancozeb	Fungicide	60	3				
Signum, Cantus	Boscalid & Pyraclostrobin	Fungicide	3	10 & 3				
Amistar	Azoxystrobin	Mildew	3	3				
Nimrod	Bupirimate	Mildew	7	1				
Rovral	Iprodione	Botrytis	3	10				
Dursban	Chlorpyrifos	Insecticide	7	0.5				
Apollo	Clofentezine	Red Spidermite	14	3				
Bitam	Delthamethrin	Fruit Weevil	3	0.5				
Brigade	Bifenthrin	Insecticide	2	0.3				
Sythane, Rally	Myclobutanil	Fungicide	3	1				
Bordeaux mixture	Calcium Copper sulfate	Mildew, Anthracnose/ foliar feed	7	3				

GLOBAL MINOR USE SUMMIT 2

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE
ORGANIZATION OF
THE UNITED NATIONS (FAO)
HEADQUARTERS
Rome, 21–23 February 2012

PROGRAMME

Pathways to
Pesticide Registrations and
MRLs for Minor Uses



GENERAL NOTICES

NOTICE 225 OF 2012

NATIONAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCT STANDARDS ACT, 1990 (ACT No. 119 OF 1990)

STANDARDS AND REQUIREMENTS REGARDING CONTROL OF THE EXPORT OF FRUIT EXCLUDING CITRUS AND CERTAIN DECIDUOUS FRUITS:

I, Billy Malose Makhafola, appointed as Executive Officer in terms of section 2(1) of the Agricultural Product Standards Act, 1990 (Act No. 119 of 1990), hereby give notice under section 4(3) (c) of the said Act, that –

- (a) the standards and requirements regarding control of the export of fruits excluding citrus and certain deciduous fruits as stipulated in Government Notice No. R. 1983 of 23 August 1991 was never promulgated
- (b) the standards and requirements mentioned in paragraph (a) –
 - (i) shall be available for inspection at the office of the Executive Officer: Agricultural Product Standards, Harvest house, 30 Hamilton Street, Arcadia, Pretoria;
 - (ii) may be obtained from the Executive Officer: Agriculture Product Standards, Department of Agriculture, Private Bag x343, Pretoria, 0001, Tel. (012) 319 – 6051 or Fax (012) 319 – 6055 or email: Madibaw@nda.agric.za or <http://www.daff.gov.za>; and
 - (iii) shall come into operation seven days after publication of this notice.

M. B. MAKHAFOLA
Executive Officer: Agricultural Product Standards





agriculture, forestry & fisheries

Department:
Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Directorate: Food Safety and Quality Assurance Private Bag X343, PRETORIA, 0001 • Tel: +27 12 319 6000 , 30 Harvest House, Hamilton Street, Arcadia

FAX COVER SHEET

TO: The Executive: Statutory Operations - PPECB

ATTENTION: Ms. Nokulunga Mngqeta

FAX: 086 267 3018

FROM: Mr. Billy Makhafola **E-MAIL:** BillyM@daff.gov.za

TEL: (012) 319 6023 **REF NO:** 20.4.14.1/Dispensations

FAX: (012) 319 6055 **SERIAL NO:**

NO. PAGES: 1 **DATE:** 29 March 2012

Subject

TEMPORARY SUSPENSION OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE STANDARDS REGARDING FOOD HYGIENE AND FOOD SAFETY OF REGULATED AGRICULTURAL FOOD PRODUCTS OF PLANT ORIGIN INTENDED FOR EXPORT AS PROMULGATED IN NOTICE R 707 OF 13 MAY 2005

The application and implementation of Standards Regarding Food Hygiene and Food Safety of Regulated Agricultural Food Products of plant origin intended for Export as promulgated in notice R 707 of 13 May 2005 is hereby temporarily suspended with respect to their application to certain minor crops. The scope of the suspension of the implementation (application) of R707 is with respect to the following minor products of plant origin:

- Pomegranates
- Figs
- Rooibos
- Berries (blue berries, raspberries and black berries)

TEMPORARY SUSPENSION OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF STANDARDS REGARDING FOOD HYGIENE AND FOOD SAFETY OF REGULATED AGRICULTURAL FOOD PRODUCTS OF PLANT ORIGIN INTENDED FOR EXPORT AS PROMULGATED IN NOTICE R 707 OF 13 MAY 2005

The temporary suspension with respect to the aforementioned minor products is subject to the following conditions:

1. All unregistered agro-chemicals that have or are used in the production and post-harvest of the aforementioned products are brought to the attention of the Registrar: Act 36 of 1947.
2. The minor crop industry takes full advantage of the existing available incentive scheme from the office of the Registrar: Act 36 of 1947.
3. All other export standards and requirements on quality, phytosanitary and sanitary are complied with in respect of the export of the mentioned products.
4. The importing country's requirements are complied with, and this shall include amongst other requirements, compliance with their maximum residue limits.
5. The suspension shall be in force for a period of 4 months beginning from the 01st April – 31st July 2012.

After the 31st July 2012, a full compliance with Standards Regarding Food Hygiene and Food Safety of Regulated Agricultural Food Products of plant origin intended for Export as promulgated in notice R 707 of 13 May 2005 under the Agricultural Product Standards Act, 1990 (Act 119 of 1990), shall form a critical part of the export conditions of the aforementioned crops.

EXECUTIVE OFFICER:
AGRICULTURAL PRODUCT STANDARDS

Copies: **Regional Manager: APIS**

**Minor crop/use stakeholder workshop with ACT 36, Thilivhali Nefumbada
17 & 18 May 2012
Stellenbosch**

Fruitgro Science Boardroom, 63 Dorp Street,
Stellenbosch

**Proposed Agenda
Focus Meetings and Minor crop/use Overview Meeting**

Date	Proposed Agenda
Thursday, 17 May 2012	<p>14:00 Focus meeting - Cherry registration critical needs</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Brief presentation/crop overview Cherry production background/ challenges [Koos Pretorius (KP), SACGA] Review/update/status - Cherry critical needs [Thilivhali Nefumbada (TN)]/Group Confirmation of critical timelines for registrations Overview - Way forward/next steps [TN] Group discussion <p>Tea break</p> <p>15:30 - 16:00 Focus meeting - Pecan nuts and Walnuts registration critical needs</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Review/update/status - Pecan nuts and Walnuts critical needs [Thilivhali Nefumbada (TN)]/LB/JC/FvS/Group Confirmation of critical timelines for registrations Overview - Way forward/next steps [TN] Group discussion <p>16:00 Focus meeting - Crop Protection Advisory Group (CPAG) Meeting Minor Use/other registration critical needs</p> <p>[Deciduous industry CPAG members with Thilivhali Nefumbada/other] Separate Agenda circulated to CPAG members related to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Critical need for <u>Dichlorvos</u> minor use registration for fruit fly control (Deciduous/other minor crops) Critical need to fast track <u>Fenazaquin</u> registration for bud mite control on table grapes, related to Endosulfan cancellation Challenges relating to pheromone registration General Database developments/matters Other [Overview provided as background] <p>Early dinner to host Thilivhali Nefumbada from 18:30 pm, following 16:00 CPAG meeting - The Big Easy Restaurant, Dorp street, Stellenbosch</p>

Friday, 18 May 2012

08:30 to 10:30 am

Minor crop/ use overview meeting

- Presentation - Overview by Thilivhali Nefumbada, ACT 36**
- Focus on critical need registrations relevant to existing registrations on all crops eg. herbicides/other [TN]
- Group discussion

Tea break

11:00

Focus meeting - Berry registration critical needs

- Review/update/status - **Berry critical needs**
(Blueberry; Raspberry/Blackberry)
[Thilivhali Nefumbada (TN)]/Group
- Confirmation of critical timelines for registrations
- Overview - Way forward/next steps [TN]
- Group discussion

Lunch break

14:00

Focus meeting - Figs/ pomegranates/ persimmon critical needs

- Brief presentation/crop overview
Figs/ pomegranates/ persimmon production background/ challenges
[Elrita Venter, POMPA, Alternafruit]
- Review/update/status - **Fig/pomegranate critical needs**
[Thilivhali Nefumbada (TN)]/Group
- Confirmation of critical timelines for registrations
- Overview - Way forward/next steps [TN]
- Group discussion

[Program end approximately 16:30 to 16:45]

**MINOR CROPS REGISTRATION
MEETING STELLENBOSCH
17 MAY 2012**



**THILIVHALI RONALD NEPFUMBADA
AGRICULTURAL INPUT CONTROL DIRECTORATE
MANAGEMENT ADVISOR
ACT 36 OF 1947**



**agriculture,
forestry & fisheries**

Department:
Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Minor crop/use stakeholder workshop with ACT 36, Thilivhali Nephumbada 17 & 18 May 2012


11:00

Focus meeting - Berry registration critical needs

[Each minor crop industry to provide consolidated background information document (PRODUCTION, JOBS, HECTARES, TONNES, PROJECTS LINKED TO CROP) information]

- Review/update/status - Berry critical needs (Blueberry; Raspberry/Blackberry) [Thilivhali Nephumbada (TN)]/Group]

Specific points re: inclusion of further actives as discussed:

- 
- 1) Add Iprodione, Azoxystrobin and bupirimate, to the Blueberry list and add Ridomil GOLD (Mefenoxam) to Raspberry/Blackberry list.
 - 2) Also add imidachloprid (Kohner) for ALL berries (ie. add to Raspberry/Blackberry list).
 - 3) Other actives added, including Phytosellius persimilis/other
 - 4) Spinosad GF 120 added, ALL crop registration to be pursued
 - 5) Consolidate blueberry /other critical needs lists into one, to consider crop grouping registration for all berries.



[Action: As follow-up to 18 May meeting, consolidate/MERGE Blueberry, Raspberry, Blackberry critical needs lists into one, re: crop grouping registration recommendation for berries.]



agriculture, forestry & fisheries

Department:
Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Directorate: Food Safety and Quality Assurance Private Bag X343, PRETORIA, 0001 • Tel: +27 12 319 6000 , 30 Harvest House, Hamilton Street, Arcadia

FAX COVER SHEET

TO: The Executive: Statutory Operations - PPECB

ATTENTION: Ms. Nokulunga Mngqeta

FAX: 086 267 3018

FROM:	Mr. Billy Makhafole	E-MAIL:	BillyM@daff.gov.za
TEL:	(012) 319 6023	REF NO:	20.4.14.1/Dispensations
FAX:	(012) 319 6055	SERIAL NO:	
NO. PAGES:	1	DATE:	13 September 2012

Subject

TEMPORARY SUSPENSION OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE STANDARDS REGARDING FOOD HYGIENE AND FOOD SAFETY OF REGULATED AGRICULTURAL FOOD PRODUCTS OF PLANT ORIGIN INTENDED FOR EXPORT AS PROMULGATED IN NOTICE R 707 OF 13 MAY 2005

The application and implementation of Standards Regarding Food Hygiene and Safety of Regulated Agricultural Food Products of plant origin intended for Export promulgated in notice R 707 of 13 May 2005 is hereby temporarily suspended with respect to their application to certain minor crops. The scope of the suspension of implementation (application) of R707 is with respect to the following minor products of plant origin:

- Pomegranates
- Figs
- Rooibos Tea
- Berries (blue berries, raspberries and black berries)
- Vegetables (Lettuce and Onions)
- Cherries

TEMPORARY SUSPENSION OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF STANDARDS REGARDING FOOD HYGIENE AND FOOD SAFETY OF REGULATED AGRICULTURAL FOOD PRODUCTS OF PLANT ORIGIN INTENDED FOR EXPORT AS PROMULGATED IN NOTICE R 707 OF 13 MAY 2005

- Flowers (Proteas)

The temporary suspension with respect to the aforementioned minor products is subject to the following conditions:

1. All unregistered agro-chemicals that have or are used in the production and post-harvest of the aforementioned products are brought to the attention of the Registrar: Act 36 of 1947.
2. The minor crop industry takes full advantage of the existing available incentive scheme from the office of the Registrar: Act 36 of 1947.
3. All other export standards and requirements on quality, phytosanitary and sanitary are complied with in respect of the export of the mentioned products.
4. The importing country's requirements are complied with, and this shall include amongst other requirements, compliance with their maximum residue limits.
5. The suspension shall be in force for a period of 09 months beginning from the 13rd September – 31st May 2013.

After the 31st May 2013, a full compliance with Standards Regarding Food Hygiene and Food Safety of Regulated Agricultural Food Products of plant origin intended for Export as promulgated in notice R 707 of 13 May 2005 under the Agricultural Product Standards Act, 1990 (Act 119 of 1990), shall form a critical part of the export conditions of the aforementioned crops.

EXECUTIVE OFFICER:
AGRICULTURAL PRODUCT STANDARDS

Copies: Regional Manager: APIS
Manager: Trade/Market Access Affairs - Fruitgro Science



agriculture,
forestry & fisheries

Department:
Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Directorate Food Safety and Quality Assurance, Private Bag X343, PRETORIA, 0001

FAX COVER SHEET

TO: South African Berry Producers Association
 ATTENTION: Trevor McKenzie
 FAX: (021) 870 2915

FROM: Mr. Willy Madiba E-MAIL: Madibaw@nda.agric.za
 TEL: +27 (0) 12 319 6051 REF NO: 20.4.14.1/Dispensations
 FAX: +27 (0) 12 319 6265 SERIAL NO:
 NO. PAGES: 1 DATE: 31 July 2013



Subject: TEMPORARY SUSPENSION OF PART OF THE STANDARDS REGARDING FOOD HYGIENE AND FOOD SAFETY OF REGULATED AGRICULTURAL FOOD PRODUCTS OF PLANT ORIGIN INTENDED FOR EXPORT AS PROMULGATED IN NOTICE R 707 OF 13 MAY 2005

Permission is here by granted by the Executive Officer: Agricultural Product Standards in terms of section 4(4) of the Agricultural Product Standards Act, 1990 (Act No. 119 of 1990), to South African Berry Producers Association to export berries (blueberries, raspberries, and blackberries) whereby they are exempted from complying with items 7.2.1; 7.2.2 and 9.1.1 under the primary production and on farm produce handling and under off farm produce handling.

This permission is subject to the following conditions:

1. All other conditions of the relevant export regulations and standards & requirements shall be complied with.
2. It may be withdrawn at any time should a valid complaint be received.
3. South African Berry Producers Association indemnifies this Directorate and the Department from any detrimental effect, financially or otherwise, which may emanate as a result of this permission.

Termination date: 31 May 2014

EXECUTIVE OFFICER:

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCT STANDARDS ACT

Copies: PPECB-Natasha
D: IS



agriculture,
forestry & fisheries

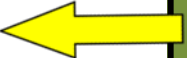
Department:
Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Directorate Food Safety and Quality Assurance, Private Bag X343, PRETORIA, 0001

FAX COVER SHEET

TO: SA Cherry Growers Association
 ATTENTION: Dr Koos Pretorius
 EMAIL: Cherry@dfpt.co.za

FROM: Mr. Willy Madiba E-MAIL: Madibaw@nda.agric.za
 TEL: +27 (0) 12 319 6051 REF NO: 20.4.14.1/Dispensations
 FAX: +27 (0) 12 319 6265 SERIAL NO:
 NO. PAGES: 1 DATE: 20 August 2013



Subject: TEMPORARY SUSPENSION OF PART OF THE STANDARDS REGARDING FOOD HYGIENE AND FOOD SAFETY OF REGULATED AGRICULTURAL FOOD PRODUCTS OF PLANT ORIGIN INTENDED FOR EXPORT AS PROMULGATED IN NOTICE R 707 OF 13 MAY 2005

Permission is here by granted by the Executive Officer: Agricultural Product Standards in terms of section 4(4) of the Agricultural Product Standards Act, 1990 (Act No. 119 of 1990), to **SA Cherry Growers Association** to export cherries whereby they are exempted compliance with item 7.2.1 and 7.2.2 under the primary production and on farm produce handling. **SA Cherry Growers Association** is also exempted from compliance with item 9.1.1 under off farm produce handling.

This permission is subject to the following conditions:

1. All other conditions of the relevant export regulations and standards & requirements shall be complied with.
2. It may be withdrawn at any time should a valid complaint be received.
3. **SA Cherry Growers Association** indemnifies this Directorate and the Department from any detrimental effect, financially or otherwise, which may emanate as a result of this permission.
4. Termination date: 31 May 2014

EXECUTIVE OFFICER:

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCT STANDARDS ACT

Copies: PPECB-Natasha
D: IS



Registration status update - Consolidated Berry Critical needs

MINOR CROPS GROWERS NEEDS ASSESSMENT - Critical needs for Minor Crop registrations						
CROP	ACTIVE INGREDIENT	PRODUCT TRADE NAME	Manufacturers	Target Organism	Registration/Status	Comments
Consolidated Berries						
Fungicides (Ai)						
	Azoxystrobin	Amistar	Syngenta SA	Mildew		
	Boscalid	Centus	BASF	Rust		
	Boscalid & Pyraclostrobin	Bellis	BASF	Rust		
	Bupirimate	Nimrod	Mekhteshim-Agan SA	Mildew		
	Copper hydroxide	Copstar, mainly Kocide 2000	Aq-chem Africa, DuPont	Rust		
	Copper oxychloride	Coprox Super, Demilder	Tsunami, Delta Chemicals	Various fungal diseases		
	Cyprodinil & Fludioxonil	Switch	Syngenta	Botrytis		
	Fenhexamid	Teldor	Bayer	Botrytis	Reg-Eurfruit/Haygrove-only/ Registered all berries	
	Iprodione	Rovrel	Bayer, Various	Botrytis		
	Mancozeb	Dithane, Vondazeb, Index	Dow Agro Science, Tsunami, Total	Various oomycetes and rusts		
	Mefenoxam	Ridomil Gold	Syngenta	Phytophthora (PHT)		
	Myclobutanil	Rally	DOW	Rust control alternative		
	Myclobutanil	Rally	Dow Agro Sciences	Mildew		
	Potassium Phosphonate	Phytex	Horticulture	Root and soil disease suppressor		
	Potassium Phosphonate	Phytex	Horticulture (Vitis Crop protection)	Root and soil disease suppressor, Mildew		
	Propiconazole	Tilt, Bumper	Syngenta, Mekhteshim-Agan	Rust, various fungal diseases		
	Pyrimethanil	Scala	Bayer	Botrytis	Reg-Eurfruit/Haygrove-only/ Registered all berries	
	Sulphur	Kumulus, Striker	BASF, Chempac	Rust, Mildew, Botrytis	Chempac	
	Tebuconazole	Folcur 250 EW, Orius	Bayer, Mekhteshim-Agan	Rust, various fungal diseases		
	Trichoderma harzianum	Bio Tricho, Eco-77, Tricho Plus	Plant Health Products	Botrytis, Soil disease suppressor		
Insecticides (Ai)						
	Abamectin	Sanemectin, Epicure	DOW, Plasskem UAP	Red Spider mite, Thrips		
	Alpha-cypermethrin	Fastac	BASF	Snout beetle, Bollworm		
	Bacillus thuringiensis	Dipel and others	Phylagro, Valent	Various Lepidoptera insects, African Bollworm	Registered Blueberry/Raspberry	
	Bacillus thuringiensis	Dipel DF	Valent	African (American) bollworm, Leafroller, Semi-plumal looper	Registered Blueberry/Raspberry	
	Beauveria bassiana	Bio-Insect, Eco-8b	Agro Organics, Plant Health Products	Broad spectrum insect control		
	Bifenithrin	Seizen, Telstar, Biflex	Mekhteshim-Agan SA	Red Spider mite		
	Chlorpyrifos	Dursban, Lintfos	Dow Agro Science, Plasskem UAP	Scalies, Mealy bug, Bollworm		
	Citrus oil + Borax	Wetlot, Orosorb	Oro-Agn	Scalies, mealy bug, mites		
	Deltamethrin	Deltamethrin 25 EC, various	RT Chemicals, Tsunami, Various	Fruit Weevil		
	Dichlorvos	Desto	Mekhteshim-Agan, Volcano	Fruit fly, mealy bug		
	Imidacloprid	KÖHNER, Confidor	Mekhteshim-Agan, Bayer	Mealy bug		
	Indoxacarb	Elzevord	DuPont	Fruit Weevil, Bollworm	Registered	
	Mineral Oil	Cipron, EOS	BP SA, Mekhteshim-Agan	Scalies		
	Natural pyrethrums	Xterminator	Agro Organics	Whitefly		
	Phytoseellius persimilis		Dudutec			
	Pimicarb	Aphox	Syngenta	Aphids, Mites, Scalies		
	Sulphur	Kumulus	BASF	Thrips, Red berrymite		
	Spinetoram	Delegate 250 WG	Dow Agro Science	American (African) Bollworm, Thrips	Registered Berries	
	Spinosad	GF 120	Dow Agro Science	Fruit fly	Registered Berries/All crops	
	Spinosad	Tracer	Dow-Agro-Science	Western-flower-Thrips	Registered Blueberry/Raspberry	
	Thiacloprid	Calypto, Alanto	Bayer	Scalies, mealy bug, mites, Aphids		

MINOR CROPS GROWERS NEEDS ASSESSMENT CROP MATRIX

CROP	Registration Critical Needs Process Status
Artichokes	
Asparagus	
Apricots	
Aubergines	
Avocados	Initiated/Underway
Beetroot	
Blackberry	Initiated/Underway
Broccoli	
Brussels sprout	
Blueberry	Initiated/Underway
Butternuts	
Canola	
Carrots	
Capsicum	
Cauliflower	
Celery	
Chicory	
Chilies	
Cherries	Initiated/Underway
cabbage	
Chive	
Clover	
Courgetts	
Fennel	
Figs	Initiated/Underway
French endives	
Fresh dates	
Garlic	
Ginger	
Green beans	
Guaiva	
Hazel nuts	Initiated/Underway
Indigenous leafy vegetables	
Kiwi fruit	
Kumquats	
Leek	
Lemons	
Lettuce	Initiated/Underway (Bekker Wessels inputs/Ceres area)
Litchi	Initiated/Underway
Lucerne	
Lupins	
Macadamia	Initiated/Underway
Mandarins	
Mango	Initiated/Underway
Nectarines	

Minor Crops Registration Critical Needs Process initiated

CROP	Registration Critical Needs Process Status
Onions	Initiated/Underway (Bekker Wessels inputs/Ceres area)
Okra	
Olives	Initiated/Underway
Ornamentals	Initiated/Underway (Proteas/other)
Papaya	
Parsely	
Passion fruit	
Patty pans	
Peaches	
Peas	
Pecan nuts	Initiated/Underway
Pepinos	
Peppers	
Persimmons	
Pistacio nuts	
Plums	
Pomegranate	Initiated/Underway
Cactus pears	
Quinces	
Radish	
Raspberry	Initiated/Underway
Rhubarb	
Ryegrass	
Spinach	
Sorghum	
Sweet corn	
Frozen Sweet potato	
Sweet potato	
Strawberry	Initiated/Underway
Sugar beet	
Tangerines	
Tea	Initiated/Underway/Rooibos tea
Turnips	
Walnut	Initiated/Underway
Water melons	

Draft Proposed Agenda

Minor crop/use Follow-up Stakeholder Workshop with ACT 36, Thilivhali Nempfumbada

18 – 20 June 2014

Villa Academy - Hoogeind Manor, Somerset-West

Date	Proposed Agenda
Wednesday, 18 June 2014	<p>8:30 am for 09:00am Tea/coffee on arrival</p> <p>09:00 to 13-30</p> <p>Minor crop/ use overview meeting Villa Academy - Hoogeind Manor, Somerset-West</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Overview presentation: Thilivhali Nempfumbada (TN), ACT 36 Brief overview - Impact of lack of minor crop/use registrations relating to international/local trade (HORTGRO, LB; Other (to be confirmed)) <p>10:30 – 11:00 - Tea break</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>Case study:</u> Focus on Cherry Critical need registrations since the initiation of the Minor crop Incentive Programme (TN & SACGA, KP) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Brief presentation/crop overview Cherry production background/ challenges, SACGA, KP Review/update/status - Cherry critical needs (TN/KP); Overview discussion/ confirmation of critical timelines for registration Agrochemical company viewpoint – Product Development GROUP Discussion Overview Meeting Closing remarks [Thilivhali Nempfumbada (TN), ACT 36] <p>13:00 – 14:00 - Lunch break</p> <p>14:00 – 16:00 Focus meeting - Berry registration critical needs Breakaway room - Villa Academy - Hoogeind Manor, Somerset-West</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Brief presentation/crop overview Berry production background/ challenges [SABPA] Review/update/status - Berry critical needs (Blueberry; Raspberry/Blackberry) [Thilivhali Nempfumbada (TN)]/Group] Overview/group discussion/ confirmation of critical timelines for registration



Thursday, 19 June 2014	<p>8:00 am for 08:30am Tea/coffee on arrival</p> <p>08:30am – 10:30am Focus meeting - Pomegranates/figs/persimmon/registration critical needs Villa Academy - Hoogeind Manor, Somerset-West</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Brief presentation/crop overview Pomegranates/persimmon/fig production background/ challenges [POMASA, EV; Other] Review/update/status – Pomegranate/persimmon/fig critical needs [Thilivhali Nempfumbada (TN)]/Group] Overview/ group discussion/ confirmation of critical timelines for registration <p>10:30 – 11:00 - Tea break</p> <p>11:00 – 13:00 Focus meeting - Tree nuts (Pecan/walnut/macadamia/hazelnut) registration critical needs Villa Academy - Hoogeind Manor, Somerset-West</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Brief presentation/crop overview Tree nuts (Pecan/walnut/macadamia/hazelnut)/ production background/ challenges [SAPPA (Pecan); Subtrop (Macadamia); Other] Review/update/status – Tree nut critical needs [Thilivhali Nempfumbada (TN)]/Group] Overview/ group discussion/confirmation of critical timelines for registration <p>13:00 – 14:00 - Lunch break</p> <p>14:00 – 15:15 Focus meeting – Protea/tynbos registration critical needs Breakaway room - Villa Academy - Hoogeind Manor, Somerset-West</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Brief presentation/crop overview Protea/tynbos production background/ challenges [PPSA] Review/update/status – Protea/tynbos critical needs [Thilivhali Nempfumbada (TN)]/Group] Overview/ group discussion/confirmation of critical timelines for registration <p>15:15 - Tea break</p> <p>15:30 – 16:45 Focus meeting – Olives registration critical needs Breakaway room - Villa Academy - Hoogeind Manor, Somerset-West</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Brief presentation/crop overview Olive production background/ challenges [SA Olive] Review/update/status - Olive critical needs [Thilivhali Nempfumbada (TN)]/Group] Overview/ group discussion/confirmation of critical timelines for registration
------------------------	--



Draft Proposed Agenda

**Minor crop/use Follow-up Stakeholder Workshop with ACT 36, Thilivhali Nempfumbada
18 – 20 June 2014**

Villa Academy - Hoogeind Manor, Somerset-West

Friday, 20 June 2014

8:30 am for 09:00am
Tea/coffee on arrival

09:00 to 13:00

**Combined Meeting: Registration critical needs related to
Canola; Rooibos; Strawberry; Subtrop; Vegetables**
Villa Academy - Hoogeind Manor, Somerset-West

[If required, information conveyed to the Minor crop/ use Stakeholder Overview Meeting on 18 May can be repeated].

[Time of tea break - to be determined]

- Brief presentation/crop overview
Canola; Rooibos; Strawberry; Subtrop; relevant Vegetables production background/ challenges
[Grain SA; ROOIBOS; SA Strawberry Growers' Association; Subtrop; Vegetables (to be confirmed)]
- Review/update/status - critical needs Canola; Rooibos; Strawberry; Subtrop; relevant Vegetables [Thilivhali Nempfumbada (TN)]/Group
- Overview/ group discussion/confirmation of critical timelines for registration

**Minor crop/use Follow-up Stakeholder Workshop – Closing Remarks
(Thilivhali Nempfumbada, ACT 36; HORTGRO, LB; Other)**



**MINOR CROPS VEGETABLE WORKSHOP
GAUTENG
30 JULY 2014
ARC-YOPI**

THILIVHALI NEPFUMBADA
AGRICULTURAL INPUT CONTROL DIRECTORATE
(AIC)/NATIONAL CODEX PESTICIDES RESIDUES
COORDINATOR
MANAGEMENT ADVISOR
ACT 36 OF 1947



agriculture,
forestry & fisheries

Department
Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

INVITATION TO

THE MINOR CROPS STAKEHOLDERS MEETING

You are cordially invited by Department of Agriculture Forestry and Fisheries (DAFF) in collaboration with the Joburg Market, to the minor crops (vegetables) stakeholders meeting. The meeting is to discuss issues in relation to the registration of pesticides for various vegetable pests in the minor crops category in South Africa.

The objectives of this meeting are to:

- Establish a platform for the formation of Codex Crop Group
- Develop new strategies to enhance the registration of pesticides for minor crops.
- Coordination of research activities associated with minor
- Information sharing.

Date: 15 July 2015

Venue: Bayer Auditorium, Isando

Time: 09:00–14:00

RSVP to: Janine Kelly / Thembisa Ma

Tel.: 012 319 7863 / 012 319 707

Email: JanineK@daff.gov.za /
ThembisaMa@daff.gov.za

You are cordially invited by Department of Agriculture Forestry and Fisheries (DAFF) in collaboration with the Joburg Market, to the minor crops (vegetables) stakeholders meeting. The meeting is to discuss issues in relation to the registration of pesticides for various vegetable pests in the minor crops category in South Africa.

The objectives of this meeting are to:

- Establish a platform for the formation of Codex Crop Group Associations.
- Develop new strategies to enhance the registration of pesticides required for minor crops.
- Coordination of research activities associated with minor crops.
- Information sharing.



agriculture,
forestry & fisheries

Department:
Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA



INTEGRATED FARM ASSURANCE

All Farm Base - Crops Base - Fruit and Vegetables

ENGLISH VERSION 5.0

VALID FROM: 1 JULY 2015
OBLIGATORY FROM: 1 JULY 2016



INTEGRATED FARM ASSURANCE

All Farm Base

CONTROL POINTS AND COMPLIANCE CRITERIA

ENGLISH VERSION 5.0

VALID FROM: 1 JULY 2015
OBLIGATORY FROM: 1 JULY 2016



INTEGRATED FARM ASSURANCE

Crops Base

CONTROL POINTS AND COMPLIANCE CRITERIA

ENGLISH VERSION 5.0

VALID FROM: 1 JULY 2015
OBLIGATORY FROM: 1 JULY 2016



INTEGRATED FARM ASSURANCE

Fruit and Vegetables

CONTROL POINTS AND COMPLIANCE CRITERIA

ENGLISH VERSION 5.0

VALID FROM: 1 JULY 2015
OBLIGATORY FROM: 1 JULY 2016

INTEGRATED FARM ASSURANCE

Crops Base

CONTROL POINTS AND COMPLIANCE CRITERIA

ENGLISH VERSION 5.0

VALID FROM: 1 JULY 2015
OBLIGATORY FROM: 1 JULY 2016

CONTENTS

SECTION	CB. CROPS BASE MODULE
	CB. 1 TRACEABILITY
	CB. 2 PROPAGATION MATERIAL
	CB. 3 SOIL MANAGEMENT AND CONSERVATION
	CB. 4 FERTILIZER APPLICATION
	CB. 5 WATER MANAGEMENT
	CB. 6 INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT
	CB. 7 PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS
	CB. 8 EQUIPMENT
	ANNEX CB. 1 GUIDANCE FOR RESPONSIBLE ON-FARM WATER MANAGEMENT FOR CROPS
	ANNEX CB. 2 GLOBALG.A.P. INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT TOOLKIT
	ANNEX CB. 3 GLOBALG.A.P. GUIDELINE – PPP USE IN COUNTRIES THAT ALLOW EXTRAPOLATION
	ANNEX CB. 4 GLOBALG.A.P. GUIDELINE – RESIDUE ANALYSIS
	ANNEX CB. 5 GLOBALG.A.P. GUIDELINE – MRL EXCEEDANCE RISK ASSESSMENT
	ANNEX CB. 6 GLOBALG.A.P. GUIDELINE – VISUAL INSPECTION AND FUNCTIONAL TESTS OF APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

doc

N°	Control Point	Compliance Criteria	Level
CB. 6.4	"Intervention"?	The producer shall show evidence that in situations where pest attacks adversely affect the economic value of a crop, intervention with specific pest control methods will take place. Where possible, non-chemical approaches shall be considered. Not applicable when the producer did not need to intervene.	Major Must
CB. 6.5	Have anti-resistance recommendations, either on the label or other sources, been followed to maintain the effectiveness of available plant protection products?	When the level of a pest, disease or weed requires repeated controls in the crops, there is evidence that anti-resistance recommendations (where available) are followed.	Minor Must
CB. 7	PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS		
	<i>In situations where a pest attack will adversely affect the economic value of a crop, it may be necessary to intervene using specific pest control methods, including plant protection products (PPP). The correct use, handling and storage of plant protection products are essential.</i>		
CB. 7.1	Choice of Plant Protection Products		
CB. 7.1.1	Is a current list kept of plant protection products that are authorized in the country of production for use on crops being grown?	A list is available for the commercial brand names of plant protection products (including their active ingredient composition or beneficial organisms) that are authorized on crops being, or which have been, grown on the farm under GLOBALG.A.P. within the last 12 months.	Minor Must
CB. 7.1.2	Does the producer only use plant protection products that are currently authorized in the country of use for the target crop (i.e. where such an official registration scheme exists)?	All the plant protection products applied are officially and currently authorized or permitted by the appropriate governmental organization in the country of application. Where no official registration scheme exists, refer to the GLOBALG.A.P. Guideline (Annex CB 3) on this subject as well as the FAO International Code of Conduct on the Distribution and Use of Pesticides. Refer also to Annex CB 3 for cases where the producer takes part in legal field trials for final approval of PPPs by the local government. No N/A.	Major Must
CB. 7.1.3	Is the plant protection product that has been applied appropriate for the target as recommended on the product label?	All the plant protection products applied to the crop are suitable and can be justified (according to label recommendations or official registration body publication) for the pest, disease, weed or target of the plant protection product intervention. If the producer uses an off-label PPP, there shall be evidence of official approval for use of that PPP on that crop in that country. No N/A.	Major Must

330_GG_CPCC_CB_V5-1.doc

Facilitating Registration of Sustainable Pest Management
Technology for Specialty Crops and Minor Uses

IR-4 Global Minor Use, Food Use and Biopesticide Priority Setting Workshops: Sept. 20-24, 2015

Announcement

**First Global Minor Use Priority Setting Workshop:
Seeking pest management solutions for growers around the world
September 20 - 22*, 2015 in Chicago, IL, USA**

At the suggestion of the Global Minor Use Summit 2 participants, we announce the first Global Minor Use Priority Setting Workshop. This workshop will identify minor use issues; facilitate partnerships for data generation, and promote data and information sharing. All of which are critical to addressing pest management needs for minor uses on specialty crops.

3rd



GLOBAL MINOR USE SUMMIT

**The Fairmont Queen Elizabeth Hotel
Montreal, Quebec, Canada
October 1-4, 2017**

**PROGRAMME
Filling the Tool Box for Growers:
Developing Strategies for Specialty Crop
and Minor Use Programs and Harmonization**



Background and Objectives of Global Minor Use Summit III (GMUS-3)

Background

The Canadian Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada Pest Management Centre will host in partnership with the United States (US) IR-4 Minor Use Program¹ and the US Department of Agriculture Foreign Agriculture Services the third Global Minor Use Summit (GMUS-3). The summit will facilitate another international forum to further advance efforts to address minor use issues.

Minor uses of pesticides are pesticide uses required to control pest and disease problems in low acreage specialty crops. However, growers of these crops lack access to cost effective solutions for managing pests and diseases on their crops as the crop protection industry claims that the low acreage of minor uses of pesticides often acts as a disincentive for the return on investment to conduct the research required to register products for minor uses in specific.

The previous Global Minor Use Summits (2007 and 2012) were critical to garner support in addressing minor use issues around the world. They highlighted and solidified greater global communication and cooperation to address the issues associated with minor use of pesticides including harmonization of pesticide standards and regulations that support trade. These summits have focused on three core principles to support minor uses:

1. Technical activities such as use of crop grouping, data sharing guidelines, and capacity building;
2. Collaboration activities such joint data generation data generation, , regulatory joint reviews and work shares, and other work among multiple countries; and
3. Policy considerations that support minor uses, such as data requirements and other regulatory approaches.



agriculture, forestry & fisheries

Department:
Agriculture, forestry & fisheries
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

GUIDELINES ON THE DATA REQUIRED FOR REGISTRATION OF BIOLOGICAL/BIOPESTICIDES REMEDIES IN SOUTH AFRICA

Issued by the Registrar: Act No. 36 of 1947, Private Bag X343,
Pretoria 0001

Republic of South Africa

Tel. (**27 12) 319 7000 / Fax (**27 12) 319 7179

June 2015



agriculture, forestry & fisheries

Department:
Agriculture, forestry & fisheries
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

GUIDELINES ON RESIDUE STUDY REQUIREMENTS FOR REGISTRATION OF AGRICULTURAL REMEDIES AND SETTING OF MAXIMUM RESIDUE LIMITS (MRLs) IN SOUTH AFRICA

Issued by the Registrar: Act No. 36 of 1947, Private Bag X343,
Pretoria 0001

Republic of South Africa

Tel. (**27 12) 319 7000 / Fax (**27 12) 319 7179

2016



agriculture, forestry & fisheries

Department:
Agriculture, forestry & fisheries
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

GUIDELINES FOR REGISTRATION OF ADJUVANTS

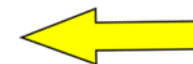
Issued by the Registrar: Act No. 36 of 1947,

Private Bag X343, Pretoria 0001

Republic of South Africa

Tel. (**27 12) 319 7000 / Fax (**27 12) 319 7179

2018



agriculture, forestry & fisheries

Department:
Agriculture, forestry & fisheries
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

GUIDELINES ON THE DATA AND DOCUMENTS REQUIRED FOR REGISTRATION OF AGRICULTURAL REMEDIES IN SOUTH AFRICA

Issued by the Registrar: Act No. 36 of 1947, Private Bag
X343, Pretoria 0001

Republic of South Africa

Tel. (**27 12) 319 7000 / Fax (**27 12) 319 7179

2015

2.5 Biopesticides and "Minor use" remedies

This section applies to the registration of Biopesticides and other agricultural remedies of biological origin as well as remedies for "Minor uses" or to be used on "Minor Crops".

The data and documentation required for these are essentially the same as for conventional Agricultural Remedies. For more information on the test data and trial work that are needed for products of this type, refer to their specific registration guidelines (16, 19, 20).



Agriculture Inputs Control

Guidelines:
Agricultural remedies

New guidelines

POMASA

POMEGRANATE ASSOCIATION
OF SOUTH AFRICA

258 Main Street • P O Box 163, Paarl, 7620 • Hoofstraat 258 • Posbus 163, Paarl, 7620
Tel : 021 -870 2900 • Fax : 021-870 2915
NPC Reg no: 2015/049275/08



14 February 2017

For attention: All POMASA Members

Regarding the withdrawal of dispensation

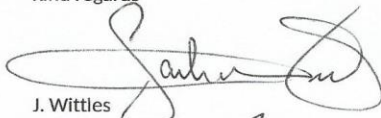
We have received a notice of withdrawal of dispensation from the Executive officer: Agricultural Product Standards, Department of Agriculture.

The Chairman of POMASA is currently negotiating this far-reaching action with relevant officials at the Department of Agriculture and PPECB.

The packing and inspection of pomegranates is currently proceeding as normal. Please note that a valid Globalgap certificates must be available as usual.

Any new information regarding this issue will be communicated to all members.

Kind regards



J. Wittles

Chairman: POMASA

**POMASA Meeting with
DAFF ACT 36 – Mr
Thilivhali Nepfumbada
1 March 2017**



AGENDA for the Minor Crops Meeting between Act 36, SABPA and SAFPA on 16 November 2017 at Hortgro Offices

- 8h30-9am: Coffee/Tea at arrival
- 9am: Opening and Welcoming
- 9:10am -12am: Informal discussion of the Critical Needs Lists for Berries and Figs. Lists have been made available and there will also be copies at the meeting.
- 12am: Light refreshments



**SABPA SA BERRY
PRODUCERS' ASSOCIATION**

258 Main Street, P.O. Box 163, PAARL, 7620 • Hoofstraat 258, Posbus 163, PAARL, 7620
Tel: 021 870 2900 • Fax: 021 870 2915 • Web: www.saberries.co.za

Mr. Thilivhali Nepfumbada
Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fishery
Private Bag X343
Pretoria
0001

31 January 2018

Attention: Mr. Thilivhali Nepfumbada Technical Advisor: Agricultural Remedies, Agriculture Input Control Directorate, Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries

Minor crop meeting: 16 November 2017:

Post-meeting feedback report regarding Agrochemical companies for registration of chemicals on berries

Background

The Minor Crop Incentive Program was initiated in 2012, with the first Minor Crop Stakeholder Workshop coordinated between Miss Benić (then Fruitgro Science) and Mr. Nepfumbada in May 2012, with focus group meetings held with associated minor crop groups, including berries which initiated phase 1 of the process. A second Minor Crop Stakeholder Workshop was held in June 2014 which included focus group meetings as per the 2012 meetings, but in addition included participation of broader Minor Crops groupings and Agrochemical Companies. As recommended during the workshops/meetings, the berry critical needs registration list was reviewed/revise to accommodate the workshop recommendation by Agrochemical companies, to move away from specifying specific actives and focusing on specifying critical target pests/diseases. As further highlighted by Mr. Nepfumbada, Minor crop producer associations/crop groups would be required to engage more directly with relevant Agrochemical companies regarding forwarding identified critical needs registration lists/requirements. In addition, as in the case of the Rooibos industry, it was recommended that available residue monitoring data should be consolidated, towards supporting identified conditional registrations, if/as required. This accordingly initiated phase 2 of the process.

In late 2017, as per the recommendation of Mr. Nepfumbada, a further phase was entered to review the ongoing berry critical needs registration process/requirements. Consequently, the berry critical needs list was re-evaluated/revise with the inputs provided by different berry industry stakeholders. On 16 November 2017, a meeting was coordinated between Mr. Nepfumbada, the berry industry, other minor crop groupings (figs) and various invited Agrochemical companies, to further discuss the revised berry critical needs list and to determine which of the companies would be interested in assisting the industry with the registration of much needed chemicals identified on the revised critical needs list, going forward. Agrochemical companies were requested to provide relevant follow up feedback regarding chemicals which could be supported.

Outcome from/following 16 November meeting

As discussed/highlighted in the meeting, while certain chemicals are registered, the major concern is the overuse of these products since they mostly fall in the same IRAC or FRAC group which, if used extensively as is currently required, will cause pests and diseases to develop resistance. Accordingly, there is a critical need for alternative options.



**SABPA & SAFPA Meeting
with DAFF Act 36 – Mr
Thilivhali Nepfumbada
16 November 2018**



EU MINOR USES COORDINATION FACILITY

Newsletter

No. 5, January-February-March 2018

Minor uses, major issue!



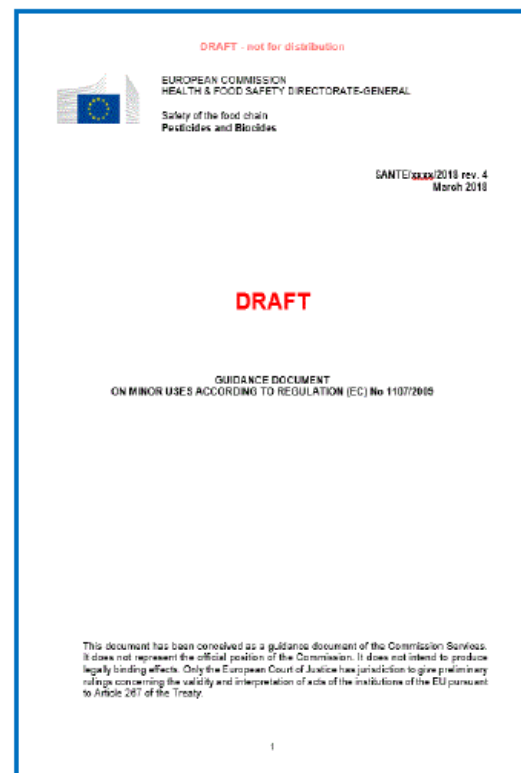
Guidance Document on Minor Uses

One of the main reasons that growers are facing difficulties in gaining authorization for 'minor uses' is the extensive data packages required for authorization to market plant protection products. Specific provisions regarding minor uses are laid down in Article 51 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009. Other incentives are related to extended data protection. Minor uses need to be considered when applying comparative assessment.



*The MUCF is co-funded by
the European Union*

This Guidance Document will be developed for applicants (industry as well as growers' associations) to clarify the different steps to be taken from a crop-pest need to a solution, to harmonize registration procedures and to clarify the provisions of Article 51 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 and of other provisions relevant for minor uses. The Guidance Document will consist of two parts. After a general introduction, the first part will describe the process from the identification of a need to the successful generation of data. The second part of this document will be dedicated to regulatory issues in applying for an (extension of an) authorisation of a plant protection product.

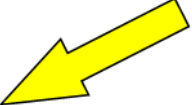
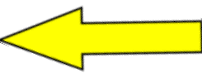
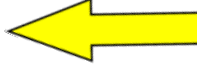
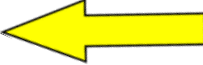



Deciduous Industry MRL Workgroup Meeting

25 May 2017 - 10:00

HORTGRO SCIENCE Meeting Room 8 (Lecture room)
Welgevallen, Stellenbosch

Proposed Agenda

- EU related issues/concerns, related brief updates/discussions:
(As per FRESHFEL Meeting 10 May 2017; Follow-up meeting with ECPA/ other) 
 - Plant protection products - updates various dossiers: DPA; Fosetyl-Al/phosphonates; Chlorates
 - Criteria to identify Endocrine Disruptors - related developments
 - Contaminants - Perchlorate
 - Biocidal products: state of play on setting maximum levels for biocides 
 - Other (Issues linked to MRL/ARFD exceedance - Chlorpyrifos/Ethephon/Iprodione?; 
Neonicotinoids)
 - Transparency in evaluation process for MRLs
- Related risk management: Ongoing DPA risk management project - DPA analysis/related ring test
- Related brief overview of Phosphonates Focus Group risk management actions/follow-up 
- EU FCM developments - Related CPAG actions September 2016 and Brief EU status update 

Crop Protection Advisory Group Meeting

28 August 2017 – 14:30

HORTGRO SCIENCE Boardroom

Welgevallen, Stellenbosch

DRAFT

Proposed Agenda

1. Welcome
2. EU related developments/issues/related risk management issues
 - (1) Iprodione - WTO Notification notified by the EU re: the EU non-renewal of approval of the active substance Iprodione
 - (a) Overview/Discussion
(Comments to WTO; impact on future EU use not approved/MRLs being reduced to LOD; possible non-regulatory private standards being imposed/other)
 - (b) Impact re: Deciduous industry ongoing use of Iprodione
 - (c) CPAG proposal: way forward/related industry risk management
 - (2) Neonicotinoids – WTO Notifications notified by EU re: restriction of uses of three neonicotinoids: imidacloprid, clothianidin, thiamethoxam
 - (a) Overview/Discussion
(Comments to WTO; impact on future EU use not approved/MRLs being reduced; possible non-regulatory private standards being imposed/other)
 - (b) Impact re: Deciduous industry ongoing use - Imidacloprid & Thiamethoxam
 - (c) CPAG proposal: way forward/related industry risk management
 - (3) Chlorpyrifos – previous risk management related to reduced EU MRL
 - (a) Chlorpyrifos apples – Breakdown residue trials/CPAG agreed Exp. default withholding period
 - (b) CPAG email discussions related to the above, July 2017 following loading of July - Version 1
 - (c) Discussion/CPAG proposal: way forward
 - (4) Related risk management - Identification of Breakdown residue (BR) trials?? - Related discussion

**COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2017/2091****of 14 November 2017**

concerning the non-renewal of approval of the active substance iprodione, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market, and amending Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011

(Text with EEA relevance)




EUROPEAN COMMISSION

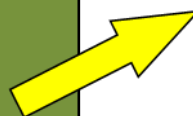
Health and Food Safety Directorate General

sante.ddg2.g.5(2018)1450427

Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed

Section *Phytopharmaceuticals - Residues*

26-27 February 2018

A.07 Exchange of views of the Committee as regards maximum residue levels for iprodione (SANTE/11836/2017).

The Commission introduced a draft Regulation setting the MRLs for iprodione to the LOQ, following the non-renewal of the approval of this active substance. The draft takes into account the grace period that Member States can grant for the use and sell-off of plant protection products containing that substance, which ends on 8 June 2018.

Like for linuron (see point A.06), the discussion focussed on the transition measures and the conditions to grant such transition measures. For iprodione, EFSA will check whether the new toxicological reference values set during the peer review of that substance lead to a risk for consumers. Commodities for which a risk would be identified would then be excluded from the transition measures.

Member States were invited to submit comments by 20 March 2018, however the commenting period will likely be extended given that the EFSA assessment needs to be available first.

Thank you

